# **GREENER CLEANUPS**

ESTIMATING ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINTS USING SEFA

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	Agenda	SEFA	
1)	<b>Overview</b> Carlos Pachon	10 min	<i>S</i> preadshee f
2)	Basics of SEFA Karen Scheuermann	30 min	Environment Footpri Analys
3)	<b>Q/A on Basics</b> Carlos Pachon	10 min	
4)	Demonstrate Key Features in SEFA Karen Scheuermann	30 min	
5)	<b>Q/A on Key Features</b> Carlos Pachon	10 min	
6)	<b>Open Forum / Advanced Features</b> Karen Scheuermann / Carlos Pachon	15 min	
7)	Wrap-up Carlos Pachon	10 min	







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#### $\rightarrow$ Simplified and consolidated data entry

- \* all site and remedy data entry is consolidated in one workbook
- \* drop-down menus expanded for ease of selecting inputs

#### $\rightarrow$ Increased flexibility for user-specific inputs

- \* user overrides added for fuel usage rates
- \* capacity increased for user-defined footprint conversion factors

#### $\rightarrow$ Graphical outputs in chart format

- \* bar charts and pie charts for results in energy usage and air emissions
- \* automatically populated

#### $\rightarrow$ Notes and instructions for all key features

- \* notes and instructions expanded and placed on new tabs in the excel workbooks
- \* abbreviated reminders and notes remain in the data entry tabs

#### ightarrow Calculator for groundwater well construction

Terminology and labels have also been updated for clarity and consistency.



 $\rightarrow$  To move from the larger footprint (before) to the smaller footprint (after), you will likely go through the following steps:

- \* Identify Areas for Reduction
- \* Apply BMPs
- \* Achieve Footprint Reduction

 $\rightarrow$ If you choose to do a footprint analysis, it would be most beneficial before you identify areas for reduction.

 $\rightarrow$  EPA's Footprint Methodology and SEFA can help you with the footprint analysis.



These seven steps are described in detail in EPA's Footprint Methodology.

 $\rightarrow$ Step 1. The project manager should establish the goals and scope of the footprint analysis to ensure that the questions of interest for the site and remedy are addressed. This is an important step, because the design of the footprint analysis will depend on the goals and scope. SEFA does not help with Step 1.

 $\rightarrow$  Step 2. The project manager (or contractors or in-house experts conducting the footprint analysis) will gather the data required for the analysis. SEFA does not help with Step 2.

 $\rightarrow$  Steps 3, 4, and 5. These are the "number crunching" steps of the Footprint Methodology. SEFA is designed to assist with Steps 3, 4, and 5.

 $\rightarrow$  Step 6. The project manager should prepare a qualitative description of affected ecosystem services. SEFA does not help with Step 6

 $\rightarrow$  Step 7. SEFA provides the numerical results of the analysis, but in Step 7 it will be up to the project manager to present and interpret the results.





- → This is a screen shot of the tab in the Main Workbook where the user sets up the basic structure of the footprint analysis.
- → There is also space at the bottom of the worksheet for adding a narrative description of the Site and Remedy.



 $\rightarrow$  The way in which you set up the Remedy Components will depend on the goals and scope of the footprint analysis.

 $\rightarrow$  For example:

\* **Different stages of the remedy.** You may have questions about how the footprints for the various stages of the remedy differ from one another (illustrated here for a dig & haul remedy).

\* *Alternative remedy designs.* You may want to compare permutations of the same basic remedy (illustrated here for a pump & treat remedy).

\* **Specific remedy activities.** You may want to consolidate all similar activities into key groups such (illustrated here for fuel usage, waste management, etc.)

\* **Separate years in the remedy.** You may want to track the footprint for each year of the remedy (illustrated here for a bioremediation remedy).

 $\rightarrow$ The user should establish the goals and scope of the footprint analysis in advance, and then set up the Remedy Components to reflect the goals and scope.



 $\rightarrow$ This is a screen shot of the main data entry tab in the Input Workbook where the user enters specific information about the remedy.



 $\rightarrow$  The number of tabs you make and what activities you use them for will depend on the goals and scope of the footprint analysis.



 $\rightarrow$  This illustrates the conceptual approach to organizing the Remedy Components and the data entry tabs.

 $\rightarrow$ SEFA is set up with default names for the Remedy Components (Main Workbook), and a single Input Template tab (Input Workbook).

 $\rightarrow$ In this schematic representation:

- \* Four of the Remedy Components have been named by the user.
- \* Data entry tabs have been made for nine separate activities.
- \* Each of the activities is associated with the one of the Remedy Components.

 $\rightarrow$  This allows flexibility for the user to subdivide the Remedy Components, if that is useful for the goals of the footprint analysis.



 $\rightarrow$  Reminder: this is data entry worksheet where the majority of the remedy information is entered.





INPUT WORKBOOK	User enters specific information about the remedy
In the second se	Important Important   Important
Space for Notes, References, Supporting Calculations	and The data entry tabs make certain calculations such as fuel usage. Results of the data entry tabs are compiled in the Input Summary tab.
General Input Instructions Detailed Notes and Explorations Input Summary In calcular: 🖀 Parch 2 of M	put Template Grid Electricity User Delined Factors Well Material Calculator



 $\rightarrow$ This is a screen shot of the Input Summary tab in the Input Workbook.

 $\rightarrow$  A maximum of 14 data entry tabs can be compiled at one time on this tab.

CALCULATIONS WORK	воок	Make footprint calculations
Greener Cleanup:: EPA Spreadsheets for Enviro	mental Footprint An	ubytis August 2011 - Oreon Hills Dog & Raul All Components Off Site Footprint (Scope 3b)
Category	Unite Usage	Energy GHG NOX SOA PPM HAPS
Construction Materials Counted Granute Gravult and stay HBPs Photorolitic system (installed) PCC	dry-flos     0       lbs     0       lbs     20000       W     0       lbs     0	0 actil     0 actil <t< td=""></t<>
Stainless steel Steel Other wavefund construction materials Other wavefund and proceeding and the Material Statements Notes:	lbs 0 lbs 0 lbs 0 lbs 0	UNITY INPUT Workbook CONTROL CONTROL OF
Tract Energy, Water, Chere was Waste, and Maker Maste, and Maker Strain Strain Strain Vigi Offesite Support Other treatment cheresis Agreents	Units and Usage	v in pages of jootprint     0     0     0     0     0     factors.       jootprint     0     0.011     0     0.021     0     0     0       jootprint     0     0.011     0     0.021     0     0     0       occulations     0     0.011     0     0.021     0     0     0
Notes: ACLIVICES	ut the use	Vo data entry by the user in this Workbook may access the intermediate results from the worksheets
Gesolute produced Natural gas produced Fuel Processing Subort Notes	gal 300.2 ccf 0	0811     0-242     4.4     153/82     0408     2408     C119     2-485       0-677     0

 $\rightarrow$ This is a screen shot of one of the tabs in the Calculations Workbook which receives the results of the Input Workbook. This is where the footprint calculations are made.

 $\rightarrow$  There is a calculations tab for each Remedy Component, and for all Remedy Components combined.

 $\rightarrow$  The footprint conversion factors in this table are based on information from public sources and references are included in the SEFA workbooks.

 $\rightarrow$  The intermediate results in the Calculations Workbook are useful for understanding nuances of the footprint.

 $\rightarrow$  The metrics on this worksheet are calculated and compiled as suggested in the Footprint Methodology.

	Enviro	nmental Foo	ental Footprint Summary Feature					
Core Element	Metric	Unit of Measure	Site Investigation	Excavation	Soil Sent Off-	Backfill	Long-term Monitoring	Total
	Refined materials used on site	Tons	0	160	0	0	0	160
	% of refined materials from regreled or reused material	%		096				0%6
Antoniala &	Unrefined materials used by edleridis	Tons	0	0	0	7,000	0	7,000
Waste	% of unrefined materials from recycled or reused material	9%				29%		29%
	On-site hazardous waste disposed of off-site	Tons	10	0	3,512	0	0	3,523
		Tons	0	000	7,200	0	0	8,000
	AND IN WORKSTOP	MU						
	Groundwater use	MG	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water	Surface water use	MG	0	0	0	0	0	0
(used	Reclanned water use Wator	MG	0	0	0	0	0	0
on-site)	Stern water use	MG	0					0
	Other water resource #1	MG	0	T	his tahle	comni	les the	0
	Triana atom ano and a	N.02				compi	ies the	
	fotar energy used (cn-site and off-bite)	MIMBIU	307	res	sults as i	recomn	nended	DDA
	Energy voluntarily derived from renewable resources				in FPΔ'	s Footn	rint	
_	biodiesel use + biodiesel and other renewable resource	MMBtu	0			5100tp		0
Energy	use for transportation Energy				Meth	iodolog	<i>ју</i> .	
	Voluntary punchase of renewable electricity	MWh	0					0
	in site mid electricitures	MUN		0	0	0	0	0.2
	on-site NOx. 80x, and PM emissions	Pounds	117	603	0	401	1	1.12
	On-site HAP emissions	Pounds	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Lotal NOx, SOx, and PM emissions	Pounds	738	7.656	11,203	1,272	305	21,18
44	Total NOx emission	Pounds	469	3,164	4,728	951	168	9,48
748		Pounds	237	3,420	1,773	256	123	5,81
	Total PM emissions	Pounds	32	1,031	4,001	60	14	5,89
	Total IIAP emissions	Pounds	8	89	41	1	4	144

- → This is a screen shot of the Summary Table in the Main Workbook, where the results of the footprint analysis are presented.
- → The metrics on this worksheet are presented as suggested in the Footprint Methodology, for the core elements of Materials, Waste, Water, Energy, and Air Emissions.



 $\rightarrow$ This is an example of a chart that is generated in the Main Workbook.

 $\rightarrow$  This type of chart is useful for identifying which Remedy Components have the largest footprints.



 $\rightarrow$ This is an example of a chart that the user can make with relative ease from the intermediate results in the Calculations Workbook.

 $\rightarrow$ This chart is <u>not</u> provided automatically by the SEFA workbooks.



→ The SEFA workbooks are designed to allow the user to assess alternative scenarios or BMPs fairly easily.





























→ This slide reserved for use if needed to demonstrate the application of footprint conversion factors.