THE USE OF ECOLOGICAL RESTORATION PRINCIPLES TO ACHIEVE REMEDY PROTECTION AT THE FERNALD PRESERVE AND WELDON SPRING SITES

J. Powell, J. Homer Fernald Preserve V. Kothari, Y. Deyo Weldon Spring Site

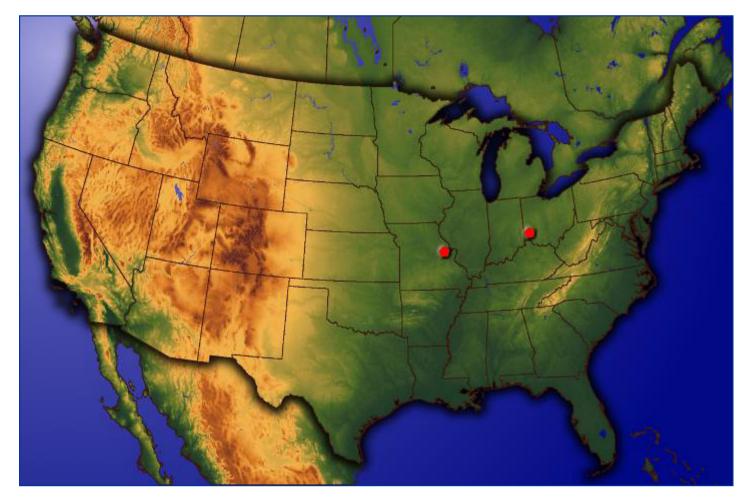


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Fernald Preserve



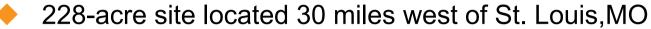


October 2007

- 1,050-acre site located in southwest Ohio
- Procced high-grade uranium metal products
- \$4.4 billion cleanup completed October 2006







- Uranium refinery operated 1957-1966
- Site remediation performed 1986-2002

Fernald Preserve





As a community asset, the Fernald Preserve will foster wildlife habitat and provide educational opportunities through environmental stewardship.

- Nature Preserve with a visitors center
- Open to public
- Continuing groundwater cleanup
- Ecological restoration
 - Native vegetation
 - Wildlife promotion





Weldon Spring Site

The Weldon Spring Site offers educational and recreational opportunities for the community while maintaining a comprehensive long-term surveillance and maintenance program.





- Groundwater monitoring, leachate treatment, and disposal-cell inspections conducted
- Site open to the public 24/7

Interpretive Center open 7 days a week; had 25,000 visitors in 2010





Extensive soil removal and grading activities during remediation necessitated a sustainable landscape that resisted erosion and fulfilled the required cleanup remedy.



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Fernald Preserve Experience





Seeded approximately 450 acres including On-Site Disposal Facility

- No-till seed drill
- Cleanup dictated seeding schedule
- Noxious weed and animal intrusion

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Weldon Spring Experience

- Seeded 150 acres with 80 species (Missouri ecotype)
- Major seeding events: 2002–2004; isolated seeding:2005– present
- Invasive weed control necessary for several seasons; poor soil quality limited significant growth
- Erosion repair performed early in establishment process;
 channels currently filling in naturally

High mowing performed initially; prescribed burning performed in

2006, 2008 and 2010





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Provide excellent erosion control





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Optimized for existing nutrient conditions



Take longer to establish





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Timing of seeding is important



Additional maintenance required until established



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 Higher seeding and establishment costs are offset by lower long-term maintenance costs



Conclusion

 Ecological restoration goals have proven to be complementary to remediation goals



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